# Question Bank (G scheme)

Name of subject: DIGITAL TECHNIQUES Unit Test: I

Subject Code: 17333 Courses: CM3G/IF

Semester: III

# **CHAPTER 1: Introduction to Digital Techniques (16 marks)**

#### 3 marks

- 1) Which are the advantages of digital circuits?
- 2) convert the following hexadecimal number into binary: (AFB2)16
- 3) Explain the following terms noise margin, power dissipation, propagation delay
- 4) Explain fan-out, fan-in and figures of merit
- 5) convert the following binary number to decimal number: (1011.01)2
- 6) Perform (9)10-(4)10 using 1's complement method

### 4 marks

- 7) Perform the following subtraction using 2's complement method:
- (11010)2 (10000)2
- 8) Write down the characteristics of CMOS.
- 9) Perform BCD addition for the following:
- i) (85)10 + (39)10 or
- ii) (368)10 + (427)10

## **CHAPTER 2: Logic gates and Boolean algebra (18 marks)**

### 3 marks

- 1) Write down any six Boolean laws.
- 2) Explain principle of duality theorem.

#### 4 marks

3) Prove the following logic expression using Boolean algebra:

i)(A+B)(A+C)=A+BC

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ii) A+AB=A+B

4) Write down the truth table, logic symbol and Boolean expression for AND gate

using 3 inputs.

5) Write down the truth table, logic symbol and Boolean expression for EX-OR gate using 2 inputs.

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ii) Y=AD+BCD+BCD

6) Draw the equivalent circuit of the following gates using NAND gates

i) OR ii) AND

7) Draw logic circuit using universal gates for following logic equation:

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Y = ABC + AC + BC

8) Explain EX-OR Gate and EX-NOR Gate.

9) Simplify given expression and draw circuit diagram using only NOR Gate.

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Y = ABC + BC + ABC + ABC

10) Prove that

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(A+B+C)(A+B+C)(A+B+C)(A+B+C) = A

# **CHAPTER 3: Combinational logic circuit. (26 Marks)**

### Mark 3:

1) Simplify Boolean expression.

 $Y = \sum m(2, 4, 6)$ 

2) Drawhalf adder circuit using k map and realize it by using basic gates.

#### Mark 4:

3) Draw full adder circuit using k map and realize it by using basic gates.

- 4) Draw 4:1 mux. And give its truth table.
- 5) Implement 16:1 Mux using 4:1 Mux.
- 6) Implement the following expression using multiplexer  $Y = \sum m (0, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7)$ .