## Question Bank (I scheme)

Name of subject: APPLIED MECHANICS
Subject code: 22203

## Unit Test :II

Semester: II

## Chapter-4 Equilibrium

Q-1 Define the relation between resultant and equilibrant? (2 Marks)
Q-2 Write the analytical conditions of equilibrium for coplanar concurrent force system. (2 Marks)
Q-3 Define the free body and free body diagram. (2 Marks)
Q-4 State the lami's theorem? State it's limitations. (2Marks)
Q-5 A sphere of weight 400N rests in a groove of smooth inclined surfaces which are making 600 and 300 inclination to horizontal. Find the reactions at contact surfaces analytically. (4 Marks)
Q-6 A beam ABC is hinged at A and roller supported at B. Span AB is 5 m and overhang BC is 2 m . Beam carries UDL of $20 \mathrm{KN} / \mathrm{m}$ over a span BC along with point load of 50 KN at 2.5 m from support
A. Calculate support reactions graphically. (4 Marks)

Q-7 A truck weighing 150 KN while crossing a bridge AB, 20m span assumed simply supported stopped due to breakdown at a distance of 4 m from B. Find the upward force that should be exerted by end supports if the self weight of bridge is $5 \mathrm{KN} / \mathrm{m}$. (4 Marks)
Q-8 A weight of 100 N is suspended by a knot from two strings, attached to a horizontal beam. These strings make angles of 450 and 300 with horizontal. Find the tensions in strings graphically. ( 4 M) Q-9 ) A string ABCD is fixed at A \& D. Two weights $400 \mathrm{~N} \&{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ ' N are attached at B \& C. The strings $A B, B C \& C D$ are making angles of $600,100 \& 450$ with horizontal respectively. Find the weight W \& tensions in the strings.


## Chapter-5 Friction

Q-1 Define the terms i) Angle of friction ii) Angle of repose iii) Coefficient of friction. (2 Marks)
Q-2 State the advantages of Friction. ( 2 Marks)
Q-3 Explain why lubricating oil is used in machines. (2 Marks)
Q-4 A force of 20 N is required to pull a body of 50 N resting on horizontal plane. What will be the coefficient of friction. (2 Marks)
Q-5 A body of weight 300 N is placed on plane inclined at an angle of $17^{\circ}$ with horizontal. If the coefficient of friction is 0.3 , Find the value of the force to be applied parallel to the plane just to move the body up the plane. (4 Marks)
Q-6 A body weighing 1500N is resting on a rough horizontal plane. A pull of 300 N applied at $30^{\circ}$ with horizontal just moves the body. Find the coefficient of friction. ( 4 Marks)
Q-7 a body resting on a horizontal plane required a pull of 80 N inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to horizontal just to move it. It was also found that a push of 100 N inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to the horizontal just moved the body. Find the weight of body and coefficient of friction. (4 Marks)
Q-8 A body of 400 N weight rests in a limiting equilibrium on $30^{\circ}$ rough inclined plane. If the angle of the plane is raised to $45^{\circ}$ Find the force along the plane required to keep the body in equilibrium. (4 Marks)
Q-10 Write the laws of static Friction. (4 Marks)

## Chapter-6 Centroid \& Centre of Gravity

Q-1 Define the terms centroid and centre of Gravity. (2 Marks)
Q-2 Show in sketch the C.G. of a hemisphere of diameter 200mm. (2 Marks)
Q-3 Calculate the centroid of semicircle of radius 100 mm . (2 Marks)
Q-4 Locate the centroid of angle section having flange 100 X 10 mm and web 10 X 80 mm . (4
Marks)
Q-5 A retaining wall of height 5.2 m has one side vertical. The top width is 1.2 m and bottom width is 3.6m. find centroid. (4 Marks)

Q-6 Find the centroid of channel section $30 \mathrm{~cm} \times 12 \mathrm{~cm} \times 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ from back of web. (4 Marks)
Q-7 A hemisphere of diameter 100 mm is placed on top of a cylinder whose diameter is also 100 mm .
Find C.G. of composite solid from the base of cylinder if its height is 120 mm . ( 4 Marks)
Q-8 A solid cone of 500 mm height and 200 mm base diameter. If portion above half of its height is removed, determine the point at which the remaining body can be balanced. ( 4 Marks)
Q-9 A solid cone of base diameter 120 mm and height 320 mm is placed on a horizontal plane with its apex at the top. Find the maximum angle of tilt from which it can come back to the original position.
( 4 Marks)

